

Ranking Factors:

Going beyond just relevance by transforming  → 

Best Business
Match
(5 min)

Signals in
the rough
(5 min)

Cut and polish
signal gems
(10 min)

Blend them
beautifully
(5 min)

Nate Day @natedayta
OpenSource Connections @o19s
Mices EU
2022-06-15

Best Match is out...Business Match is in

Best Match

 Only for search nerds

 Term Frequency

- Keyword stuffing

 Length norms

- Favor shorter, less descriptive fields

Incentivizes bad behavior for content creators

Business Match

 Extends beyond just the search team

- Business objectives are plentiful and well defined

 Search as an organization level effort

- Merchandising, brand relationship, executive strategy intersect here

Improved search understanding & involvement across the entire org



YOUR DEPARTMENT GETS A KPI



imgflip.com

“A diamond in the rough” 

Idiom

Something that is in poor condition but that is likely to become valuable with appropriate care or attention.

example: The house is a diamond in the rough, and with some hard work it will be really beautiful

Signals in the rough



Counts

Clicks

Purchases

Returns

Stock

Continuous

Price

Ratings

Qualitative

Curator picks

Brand tiers





Nothing gold 👑 can stay

A poem by Robert Frost:

Nature's first green is gold,
Her hardest hue to hold.

Her early leaf's a flower,
But only so an hour.

Then leaf subsides to leaf.

So Eden sank to grief,

So dawn goes down to day.

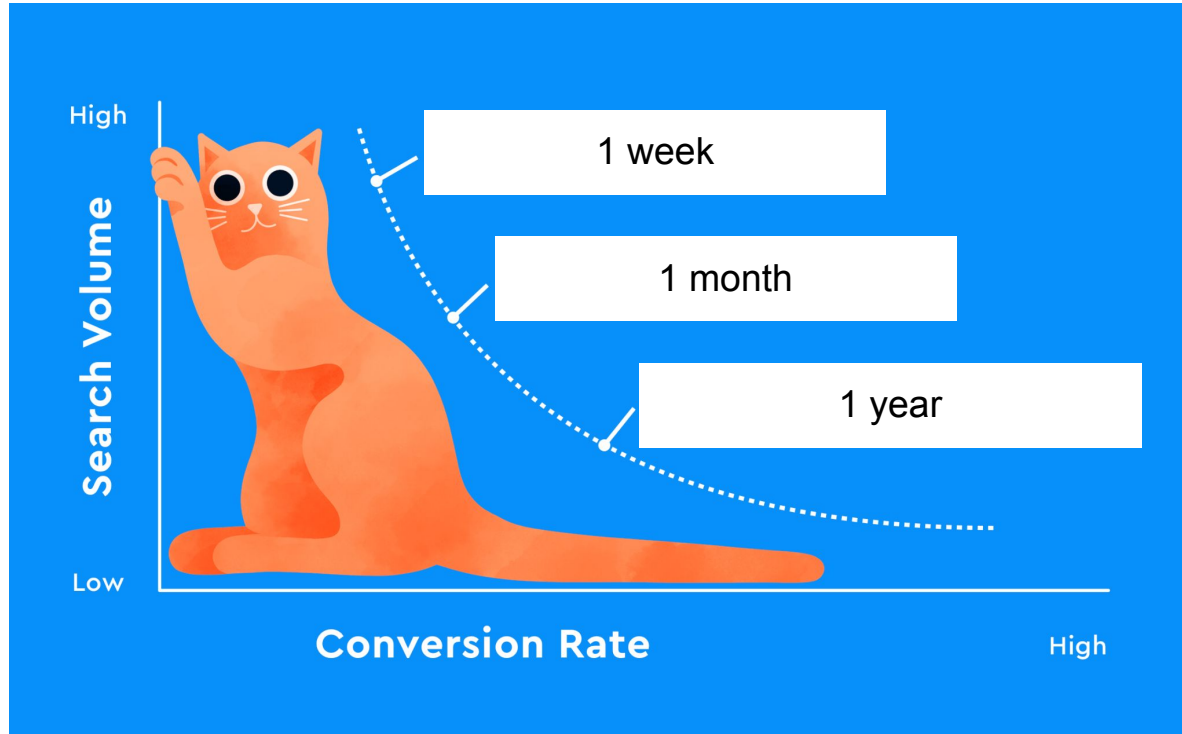
Nothing gold can stay.

***All ranking factors
should be computed for
a window in time***

***e.g. 1 week, 1 month, 1
quarter***



Scale time windows by search volume



Uncut gems → ⚡ → Priceless pieces

Raw values are unbounded

- similar to BM25

Makes combining multiple factors difficult

Goal: scale values into a pre-set range

- $[0,1]$ and $[-1,1]$ make life easy



Useful scalers: max

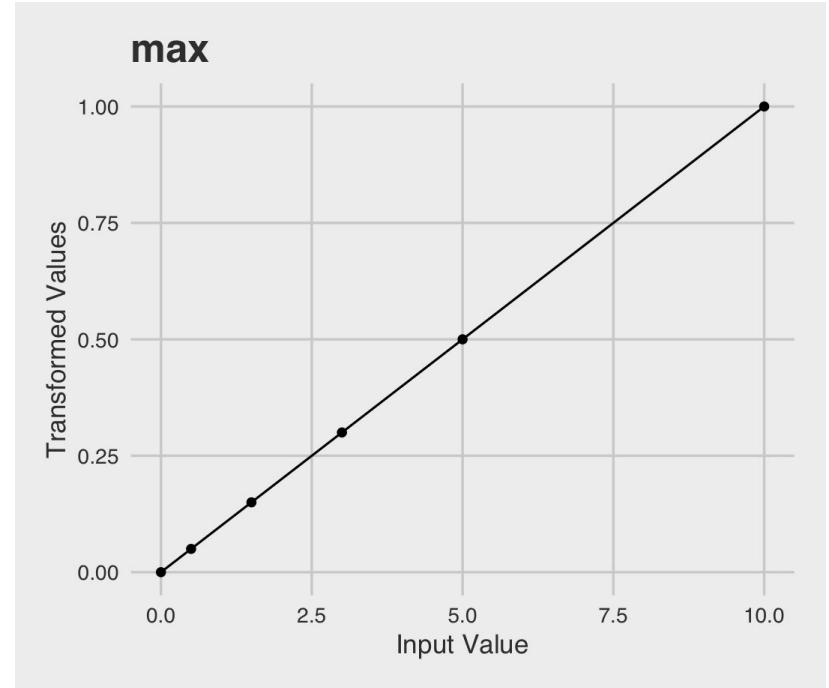
Shifts values to the range $[-\infty, 1]$

Relative distance are preserved

Great for scenarios where the minimum is unknown

- like BM25

```
max = function(x) {  
  max_x = max(x)  
  
  x / max_x  
}
```

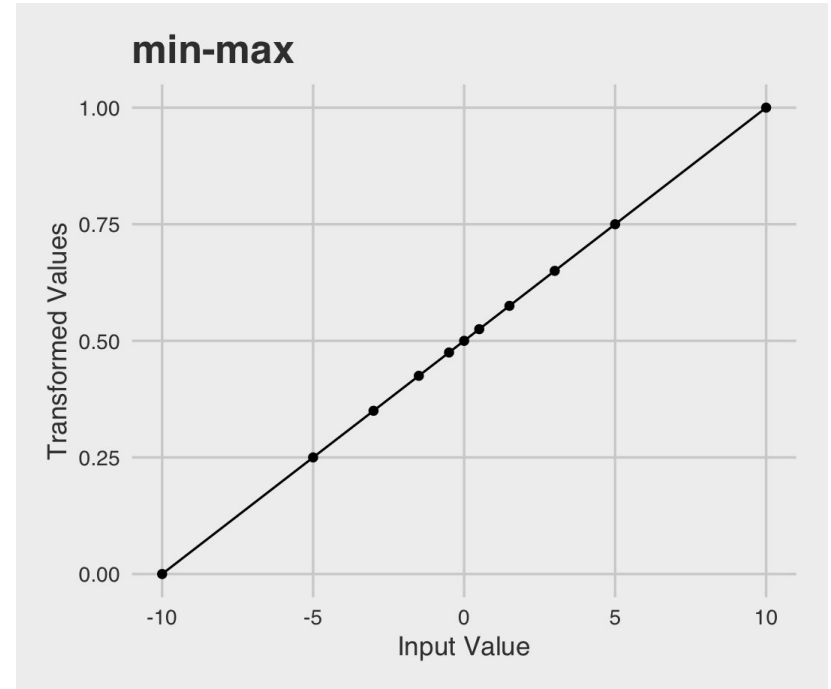


Useful normalizations: min-max

Shifts values to the range [0,1]

Relative distance are preserved

```
min_max = function(x) {  
  min_x = min(x)  
  max_x = max(x)  
  
  (x - min_x) / (max_x -  
  min_x)  
}
```



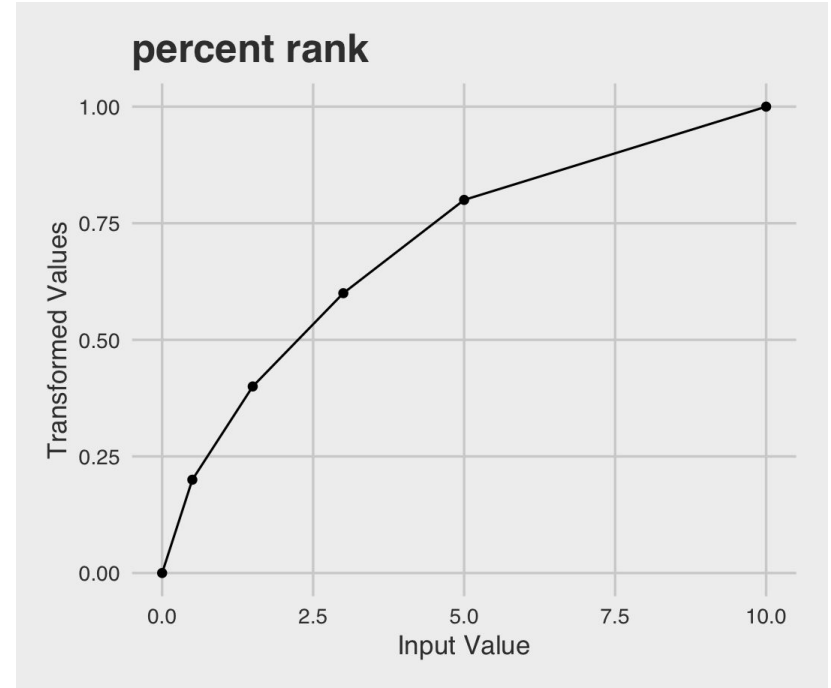
Useful normalizations: percent rank

Shifts values to the range [0,1]

Reflects rank order

Loses relative distance

```
percent_rank = function(x)
{
  (min_rank(x) - 1) /
  (sum(x) - 1)
}
```



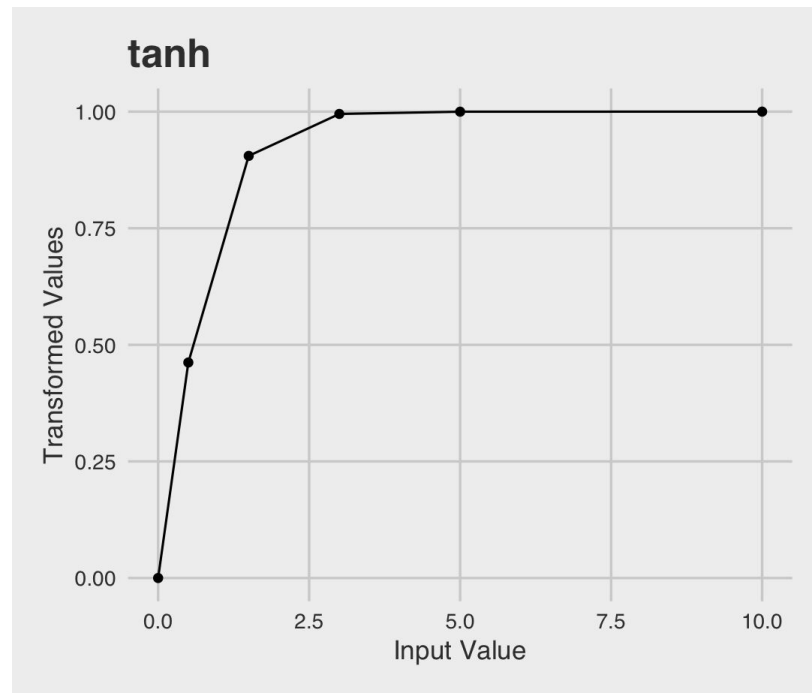
Useful normalizations: tanh

Shifts values to the range $[-1, 1]$

- positive values shift to $[0, 1]$

“Smushes” extreme values more

- Loses relative distance

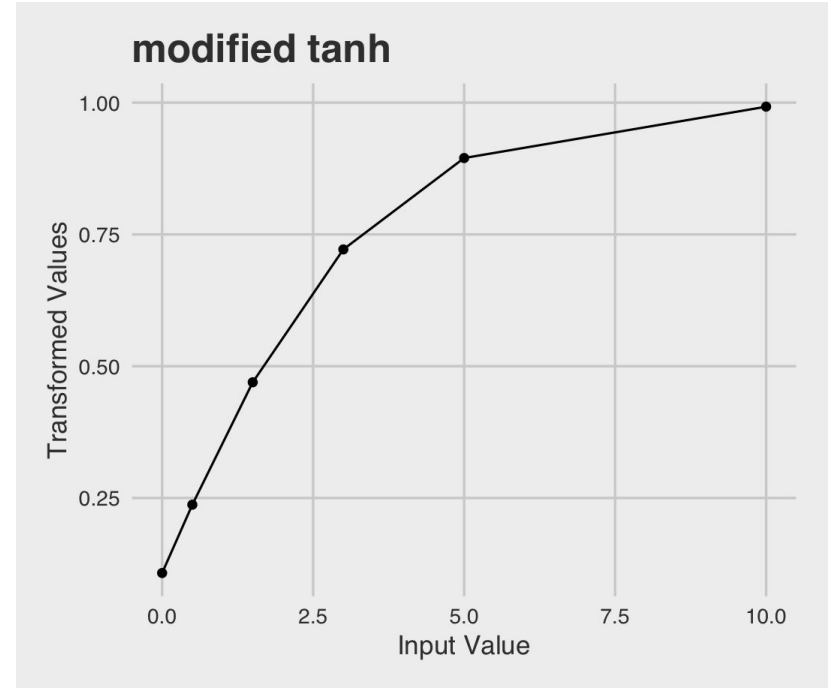


Useful normalizations: modified tanh

Control the amount of “smush”

Input values of zero are indeterminate

```
modified_tanh = function(x) {  
  mu_x = mean(x)  
  sd_x = sd(x)  
  upper_bound = 1  
  
  upper_bound *  
  tanh(1*((x-mu_x)/sd_x) + 1)  
}
```

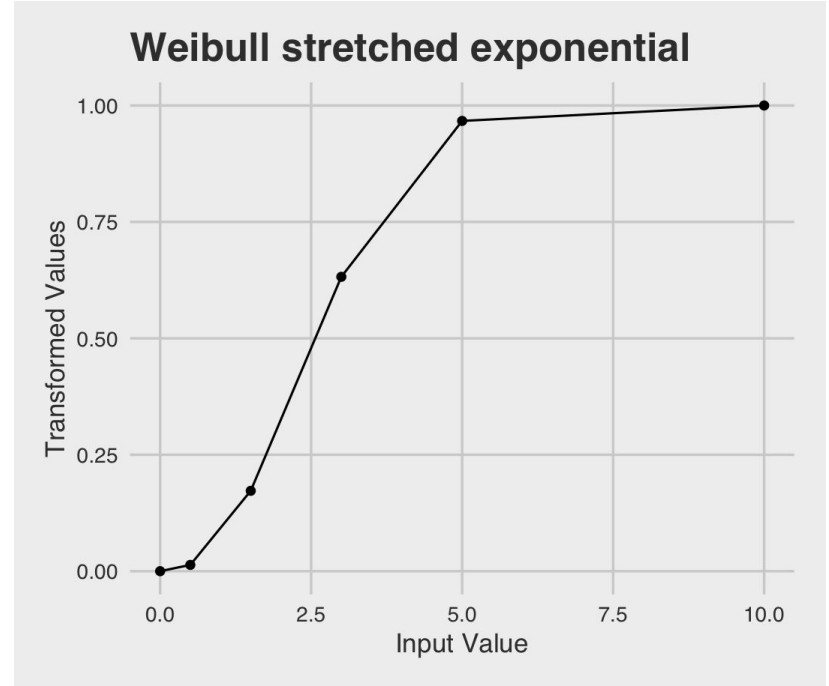


Useful normalizations: Weibull "stretched exponential"

Control the "smush" factor
independently at either end

- varA & varB are the control parameters

```
stretch_weibull = function(x) {  
  var_a = 3  
  var_b = 2.4  
  
  1 - exp(-(x/var_a)^var_b)  
}
```

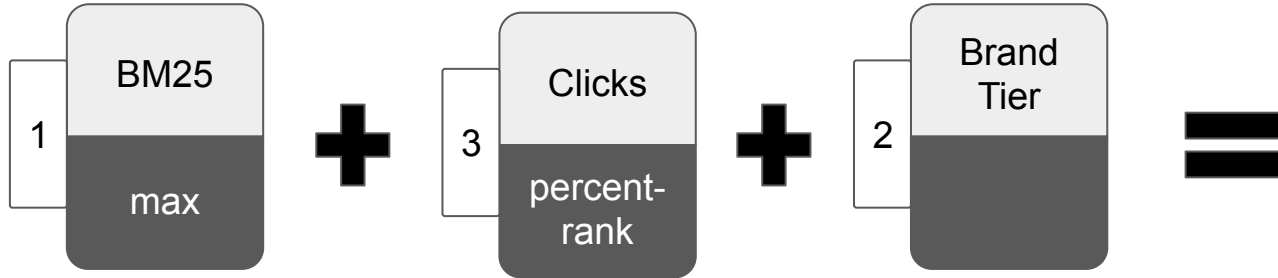


Time to combine

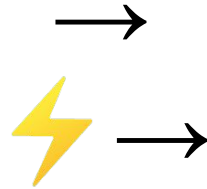
Linear combinations

Individual coefficient (weight) per ranking factor

Sum across weighted ranking factors



Danke



Your existing data may look rough but with some polishing it will become a beautiful ranking feature for your business